

readme.md for @design.estate/dees- element

A powerful custom element base class that extends Lit's `LitElement` with integrated theming, responsive CSS utilities, RxJS-powered directives, and DOM tooling — so you can build web components that look great and stay reactive out of the box.

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Install

```
npm install @design.estate/dees-element  
# or  
pnpm install @design.estate/dees-element
```

This package ships as ESM and is written in TypeScript. Make sure your project targets ES2022+ with a modern module resolution strategy (e.g. `NodeNext`).

Usage

Everything you need is exported from the main entry point:

```
import {
  DeesElement,
  customElement,
  property,
  state,
  html,
  css,
  cssManager,
  directives,
} from '@design.estate/dees-element';
```

📄 Creating a Custom Element

Extend `DeesElement` and apply the `@customElement` decorator:

```
import { DeesElement, customElement, html, css, cssManager } from '@design.estate/dees-element';

@customElement('my-button')
class MyButton extends DeesElement {
  static styles = [
    cssManager.defaultStyles,
    css`
      .btn {
        padding: 8px 16px;
        border-radius: 4px;
        background: ${cssManager.bdTheme('#0060df', '#3a8fff')};
        color: ${cssManager.bdTheme('#fff', '#fff')};
        border: none;
        cursor: pointer;
      }
    `,
  ];

  render() {
    return html`<button class="btn"><slot></slot></button>`;
  }
}
```

That single `bdTheme()` call generates a CSS variable that automatically flips between the bright and dark values when the user's theme changes — no manual toggling needed.

☐☐ Theme Management with `cssManager`

The singleton `cssManager` is the central hub for theming and responsive layout:

Method	Purpose
<code>cssManager.defaultStyles</code>	Base styles for consistent element rendering
<code>cssManager.bdTheme(bright, dark)</code>	Returns a <code>CSSResult</code> that auto-switches between bright/dark values
<code>cssManager.cssForDesktop(css, this?)</code>	Breakpoint for desktop; pass <code>this</code> for component-scoped
<code>cssManager.cssForNotebook(css, this?)</code>	Breakpoint for notebook; pass <code>this</code> for component-scoped
<code>cssManager.cssForTablet(css, this?)</code>	Breakpoint for tablet; pass <code>this</code> for component-scoped
<code>cssManager.cssForPhablet(css, this?)</code>	Breakpoint for phablet; pass <code>this</code> for component-scoped
<code>cssManager.cssForPhone(css, this?)</code>	Breakpoint for phone; pass <code>this</code> for component-scoped
<code>cssManager.cssForConstraint({ maxWidth, minWidth })</code>	Custom viewport-level constraint (curried)
<code>cssManager.cssGridColumnColumns(cols, gap)</code>	Generates CSS grid column widths

Example — responsive + themed styles:

```
@customElement('my-card')
class MyCard extends DeesElement {
  static styles = [
    cssManager.defaultStyles,
    css`
      :host {
        display: block;
        padding: 16px;
        background: ${cssManager.bdTheme('#ffffff', '#1e1e1e')};
        color: ${cssManager.bdTheme('#111', '#eee')};
        border-radius: 8px;
      }
    `,
    cssManager.cssForPhone(css`
      :host { padding: 8px; }
    `),
  ];
};
```

```
render() {  
  return html`<slot></slot>`;  
}  
}
```

☐☐ Container-Responsive Components

For components that need to respond to their **own width** (not the viewport), use the `@containerResponsive()` decorator and pass `this` as the second argument to `cssManager.cssFor*`:

```
import {  
  DeesElement, customElement, html, css, cssManager,  
  containerResponsive,  
} from '@design.estate/dees-element';  
  
@containerResponsive()  
@customElement('my-stats-grid')  
class MyStatsGrid extends DeesElement {  
  static styles = [  
    cssManager.defaultStyles,  
    css`.grid { display: grid; grid-template-columns: repeat(3, 1fr); gap: 16px; }`,  
  
    // Component-level: when THIS element is narrower than tablet width  
    cssManager.cssForTablet(css`  
      .grid { grid-template-columns: repeat(2, 1fr); }  
    `, this),  
  
    // Viewport-level: when the browser window is phone-sized  
    cssManager.cssForPhone(css`  
      .grid { grid-template-columns: 1fr; }  
    `),  
  
    // Component-level with custom width constraint  
    this.cssForConstraint({ maxWidth: 500 })(css`  
      .grid { gap: 8px; }  
    `),  
  ];  
}
```

```

render() {
  return html`<div class="grid"><slot></slot></div>`;
}
}

```

How it works:

API	Scope	Generated CSS
<code>cssManager.cssForPhablet(css)</code>	Viewport	<code>@media + @container</code> <code>wccToolsViewport</code>
<code>cssManager.cssForPhablet(css, this)</code>	Component	<code>@container <tag-name> only</code>
<code>cssManager.cssForConstraint({maxWidth: 800})(css)</code>	Viewport	<code>@media + @container</code> <code>wccToolsViewport</code>
<code>this.cssForConstraint({maxWidth: 500})(css)</code>	Component	<code>@container <tag-name> only</code>
<code>@containerResponsive()</code>	Decorator	Sets <code>container-type: inline-size +</code> <code>container-name on :host</code>

The `@containerResponsive()` decorator is required for component-scoped queries — it establishes the CSS containment context on `:host`.

⚡ Reactive Properties & State

Use the standard Lit decorators, re-exported for convenience:

```

import { DeesElement, customElement, property, state, html } from '@design.estate/dees-element';

@customElement('my-counter')
class MyCounter extends DeesElement {
  @property({ type: String })
  accessor label = 'Count';

  @state()
  accessor count = 0;

  render() {
    return html`
      <button @click=${() => this.count++}>
        ${this.label}: ${this.count}
      </button>
    `;
  }
}

```

```
`;  
}  
}
```

“ **Note:** This library uses the TC39 standard decorators with the `accessor` keyword for decorated class properties.

☐☐ Theme Change Callbacks

`DeesElement` tracks the current theme via the `goBright` property and exposes an optional `themeChanged` callback:

```
@customElement('theme-aware')  
class ThemeAware extends DeesElement {  
  protected themeChanged(goBright: boolean) {  
    console.log(goBright ? 'Switched to bright' : 'Switched to dark');  
  }  
  
  render() {  
    return html`<p>Current theme: ${this.goBright ? 'bright' : 'dark'}</p>`;  
  }  
}
```

☐☐ Lifecycle Helpers

`DeesElement` adds lifecycle utilities on top of `LitElement`:

```
@customElement('my-widget')  
class MyWidget extends DeesElement {  
  constructor() {  
    super();  
  
    // Runs once after the element is connected to the DOM  
    this.registerStartupFunction(async () => {  
      console.log('Widget connected!');  
    });  
  }  
}
```

```
// Runs when the element is disconnected – perfect for cleanup
this.registerGarbageFunction(() => {
  console.log('Widget removed');
});
}

render() {
  return html`<p>Hello World</p>`;
}
}
```

Additionally, `this.elementDomReady` is a promise that resolves after `firstUpdated`, which is handy when you need to wait for the initial render:

```
await this.elementDomReady;
// The element's shadow DOM is now fully rendered
```

☐ Directives

The `directives` namespace includes powerful template helpers, accessible via `directives.*`:

`resolve` — Render a Promise

```
import { html, directives } from '@design.estate/dees-element';

render() {
  return html`${directives.resolve(this.fetchData())}`;
}
```

`resolveExec` — Resolve a lazy async function

```
render() {
  return html`${directives.resolveExec(() => this.loadContent())}`;
}
```

`subscribe` — Render an RxJS Observable

```
import { html, directives } from '@design.estate/dees-element';
```

```
render() {
  return html`<span>${directives.subscribe(this.count)}</span>`;
}
```

subscribeWithTemplate — Observable + template transform

```
render() {
  return html`
    ${directives.subscribeWithTemplate(
      this.items$,
      (items) => html`<ul>${items.map(i => html`<li>${i}</li>`)}`</ul>`
    )}
  `;
}
```

Re-exported Lit directives

The directives namespace also re-exports these commonly used Lit directives:

- `until` — render a placeholder while a promise resolves
- `asyncAppend` — append values from an async iterable
- `keyed` — force re-creation of a template when a key changes
- `repeat` — efficiently render lists with identity tracking

📖 Full Export Reference

Export	Description
<code>DeesElement</code>	Base class for custom elements
<code>CssManager</code>	CSS/theme management class
<code>cssManager</code>	Singleton <code>CssManager</code> instance
<code>customElement</code>	Class decorator to register elements
<code>property</code>	Reactive property decorator
<code>state</code>	Internal state decorator
<code>query</code> , <code>queryAll</code> , <code>queryAsync</code>	Shadow DOM query decorators
<code>html</code>	Lit html template tag
<code>css</code>	Lit css template tag
<code>unsafeCSS</code>	Create <code>CSSResult</code> from a string

Export	Description
<code>unsafeHTML</code>	Render raw HTML in templates
<code>render</code>	Lit render function
<code>static</code> / <code>unsafeStatic</code>	Static html template helpers
<code>containerResponsive</code>	Decorator that adds CSS containment to <code>:host</code>
<code>domtools</code>	DOM tooling utilities
<code>directives</code>	All directives (resolve, subscribe, etc.)
<code>rxjs</code> (type)	RxJS type re-export

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